Trauma in Pregnancy
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1. In the United States, major trauma occurs in approximately what percent of pregnancies?

   A. 0.05%
   B. 0.5%
   C. 2%
   D. 5%
   E. 12%
2. In the United States, the most common cause of injury-related maternal death is:

A. Domestic violence
B. Homicide
C. Motor vehicle accidents
D. Household falls
E. Recreational (sports-related) injuries

3. In the United States, what percent of trauma-associated hospital admissions during pregnancy end in delivery?

A. 0.8%
B. 8%
C. 18%
D. 28%
E. 38%

4. The most common cause of trauma-related fetal death is:

A. Direct fetal trauma
B. Placental abruption
C. Maternal death
D. Fetal blood loss
E. Preterm birth

5. When the homicide rates for white and black women are compared, the rate for black women is:

A. Three times lower than for whites
B. Half as high as for whites
C. The same as for whites
D. Twice as high as for whites
E. Three times higher than for whites
6. When a pregnant women is unrestrained during an automobile accident, the risk of perinatal death is increased approximately:

A. 1.5-fold  
B. Twofold  
C. Threefold  
D. Fourfold  
E. Fivefold  

7. When the uterus is directly involved with a gunshot injury, the rate of fetal death may be as high as:

A. 5%  
B. 15%  
C. 30%  
D. 50%  
E. 70%  

8. Gross or microscopic hematuria in a pregnant trauma patient suggests:

A. Uterine rupture  
B. Pelvic fracture  
C. Placental abruption  
D. Vasa previa  
E. Fetal–maternal transfusion  

9. The recommended minimal time for monitoring fetal status after a traumatic event is:

A. 2 hours  
B. 4 hours  
C. 6 hours  
D. 12 hours  
E. 24 hours
10. Fetal outcome from perimortem cesarean delivery as measured by intact survival is best if delivery is accomplished within how many minutes of maternal arrest?

A. 5 minutes  
B. 10 minutes  
C. 15 minutes  
D. 20 minutes  
E. 25 minutes

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