Intraoperative left coronary catheterization with angiography shows a mid-left anterior descending (LAD) coronary artery aneurysm with fistula to the main pulmonary artery (MPA). (A). Anterior-posterior (AP) view taken with a c-arm to confirm our diagnosis of a coronary artery aneurysm with fistula. The poor quality is a result of the use of a C-arm for a rapid study in a standard operating theater. (B). The schematic helps to recognize the coronary anatomy including the mid-LAD coronary artery aneurysm (red), LAD to MPA fistula (magenta), pulmonary artery catheter (black), and the catheter used for coronary angiography (yellow). LMCA: left main coronary artery; LAD: left anterior descending coronary artery.